

Trends in EU public funding for R&D
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AMIRES



HORIZON 2020
EUROPEAN UNION FUNDING
FOR RESEARCH & INNOVATION

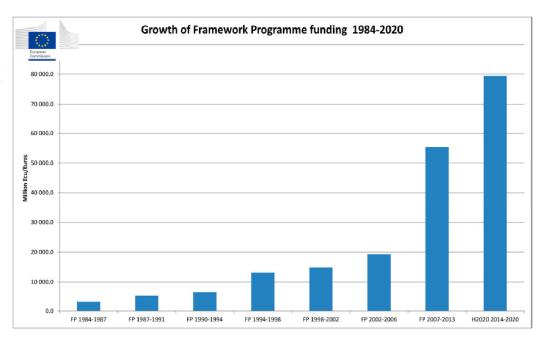


TRENDS IN EU PUBLIC FUNDING FOR R&D

- EU public funding landscape of R&D&I
- Focus on innovation
- Specialisation of topics and funding opportunities
- Outsourcing of programme management (EC activities)
- Open Access to Publications and Data
- Combined funding and synergies
- Clustering
- Outsourcing of project management
- Conclusions

EU PUBLIC FUNDING LANDSCAPE FOR R&D&I

- FP = Framework
 Programmes supporting
 research and development
 (and innovation)
- Community / Union funding vs. Structural Funds funding
- FP1 (1984 1987), overall budget < 5bn €
- H2020 (2014 2020), overall budget ~ 80bn €



(c) European Union 2013



FOCUS ON INNOVATION

- Quantified impact (ROI, jobs) of EU funding
- Very few strategic innovators (more curiosity driven R&D)





TRL targets (H2020)

(FP7)

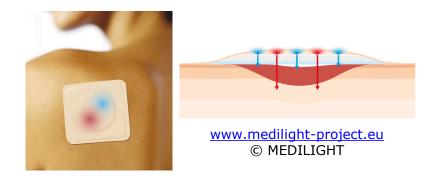
Industry encouraged, value chains obligatory (H2020)

PUDK (FP7), ESS (NMP -

DG Research and Innovation

FP7), ESIC (NMP-FP7)

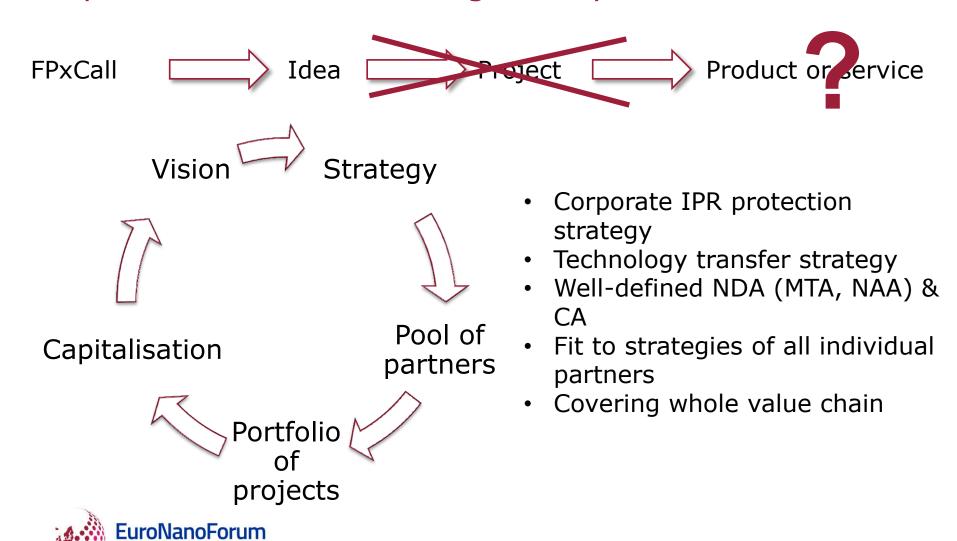
- Business planning already on the proposal level (H2020)
- Proper innovation management as an important aspect of evaluations (H2020)





FOCUS ON INNOVATION:

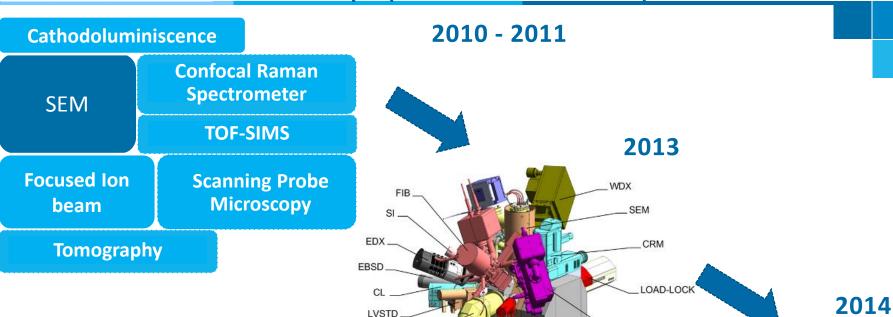
Open to Innovation through European R&D





Universal Scanning Electron Microscope (Swiss Knife Nanotool)





UnivSEM: Novel multianalytical tool

- a vision capability
- a chemical analysis
- structural characterization
- a non-destructive optical analysis
- a tomography capability
- correlation between all methods

(www.univsem.eu)

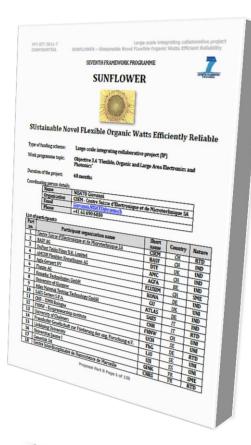
8 partners, 3 countries (CZ, CH, DE), 4 products, 16 exploitable results, 200 publications



The project UnivSEM receives funding from the European Union Seventh Framework Programme (FP7/2007-2013) under grant agreement n° 280566

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SPECIALISATION OF TOPICS AND FUNDING TOOLS



- Idea novelty
 - Clarity
- Level of details
- Work planning
- Selection of funding tool
 - Size of consortium
 - Competences
 - Budget justification
 - Value chain
 - Societal impact
 - Business impact
 - Ethics
 - Formatting
 - Length





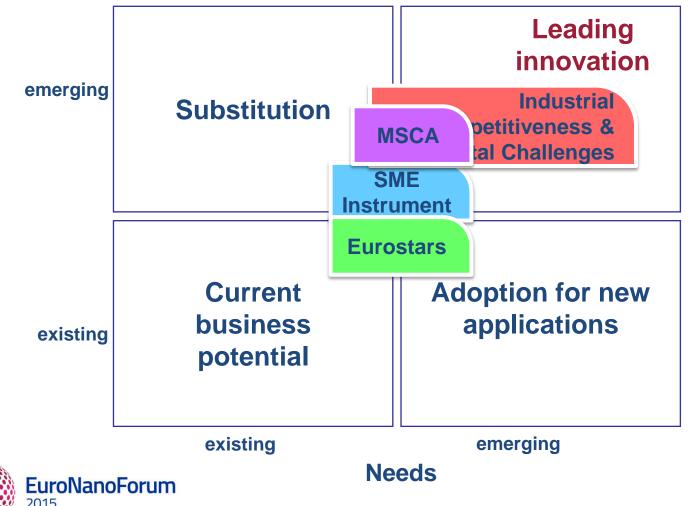
	Industrial Leadership + Societal Challenges	SME instrument	MSCA	Eurostars II
71	Small to Large projects (TRL)	1.Phase – feasibility 2.Phase – R&D	ITN, EID, EJD, individual, RISE, etc.	Collaboration for developed markets
	All (incl. companies)	SME outsourcing research	All (incl. companies)	Research-perform. SME + others
	Top-down	Bottom up in broad domains	Bottom-up	Bottom-up
K _K	3 from 3	SME alone	2-4 and many	2 from 2
	3-5 years	0.5-3 years	3-4 years	2-4 years
$ \phi $	280 k€	50-1500 k€	248 k€	206 k€



SPECIALISATION OF TOPICS AND FUNDING

TOOLS: Business innovation matrix





+ competitions + public procurements

+ etc...

Technologies

OUTSOURCING OF PROGRAMME MANAGEMENT

- Rapid growth of available funding with limited in-house staff
- Attempts to distribute funds more effectivelly













- External evaluators & reviewers (FP6, FP7 & H2020)
- PTA (NMP-FP7)
- JTIs, ERC, REA, Flagships, EIT, JPIs (FP7, H2020)
- More external agencies managing the programme (EASME, ERC Executive Agency, REA, INEA) (H2020)
- Centralized evaluations for most of the topics organized by REA (H2020)



OPEN ACCESS AND DATA MANAGEMENT

 Access to publicly funded scientific information incl. improvement of knowledge circulation and thus innovation



 Ensure research integrity and reproducibility, accuracy and completness of data

Prevent duplication of

effort



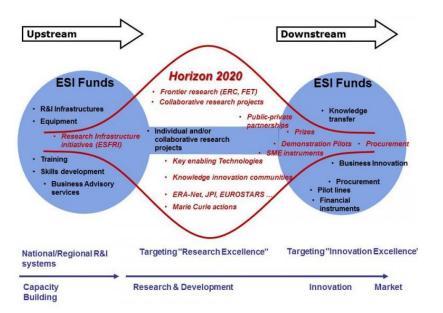
- Open Access Pilot for some thematic priorities (FP7)
- Open Access compulsory (H2020) – deposit – repository – open access (gold or green acces)
- Open Research Data Pilot (H2020) – compulsory for some of the priorities, voluntary for the other projects
 - including associated metadata
 - Data Management Plan document preparation during first 6 months of the project



COMBINED FUNDING AND SYNERGIES

- Efficient and effective use of public investment research
- Regional dimension of innovation



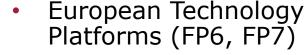


- Smart specialisation strategies concept (S3 strategies) (FP7, H2020)
- Regions of Knowledge, Research Potential (FP7), Teaming, Twinning (H2020)
- Active seek of synergies with relevant national / regional R&I programmes (H2020)
- Cumulative funding with European Structural and Investment Funds (ESIF) (H2020) - exploit complementarities while at the same time avoid overlaps and exclude double-financing



CLUSTERING

- Avoiding defragmentation of support and duplication of work
- Building critical mass for evidence based research and innovation policy making
- Direct impact on European, regional and national effort is expected



- CSA projects supporting clustering and synergies of projects in similar topics / domains (FP7, H2020)
- Open groups with no direct funding (EU project coordinators and project partners play proactive role) (H2020)











OUTSOURCING OF PROJECT MANAGEMENT

- Higher complexity and specificity of funding tools require specialized expertise (companies, large R&D centers don't have dedicated staff)
- Lower reimboursement rate for MNG activities



- Encouragement to have a dedicated WP (FP7)
- External management readily accepted by evaluators for certain size of projects (FP7)
- Many requests specifically for this activity (H2020)





TRENDS IN EU FUNDING

Conclusions

- 1. Focus on innovation
- 2. Specialization of funding tools
- Outsourcing of programme management (EC activities)
- 4. Open Access to Publications and Data
- 5. Combined funding and synergies
- 6. Clustering
- 7. Outsourcing of project management

- 1. Business strategy and tactics planning, tune for motivation, well aligned consortium partners
- 2. Selecting the right and most fitting funding tool based on the proper project positioning
- 3. Dealing with multiple services over the whole lifetime of the projects, specialisation in proposal writing
- 4. Planning in advance at the same time bearing IPR issues on your mind while not limiting the business impact
- Check and plan possible synergies with regional / national initiatives and programmes
- 6. Look for pan-European networks, be ready to advise, assist and execute the national or international measures
- 7. Product oriented project management as a key element of a successful project



QUESTIONS?





THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION



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